British Packet

AND

ARGENTINE NEWS.

☞ Printed at No. 75, Calle La Defensa, and published every Saturday at 2 o'clock p.m. at the Commercial Rooms, No. 59 Calle Mayo, where Subscriptions are received, and where advertisements and communications may be left.

Price 30$ per Quarter, delivered in Town by the Carriers; and 35$ per Quarter when remitted to any Foreign Port by the Office: it being understood that they will be punctually forwarded by every opportunity. Single Number 3$.

☞ Advertisements received till Friday at noon, and inserted with the greatest care and attention at the following rates:

Not exceeding six lines, one insertion, 3$; three insertions, 5$; and each subsequent insertion, 12 rials. Those exceeding six lines will be charged in proportion.

Notices from the National Authorities, Consular Notices on subjects of general interest, Notices as to Public Schools, Churches, Hospitals, Benevolent and Beneficent Societies, &c.—*gratis*.

(No. 1330.) BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1852. [*Established in* 1826.]

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

¡ Viva la Confederacion Argentina !

Palermo de San Benito, April 7th, 1852.

The Governor and Captain General of the Province of Entre-Rios, General-in-Chief of the Allied Army, and Charged with the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation—

It being of supreme importance to the general interests of the Confederation, to accredit a Public Minister in a special and extraordinary mission, near the Government of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, and His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil, whose sympathies towards the Argentine Confederation have been manifested in so exalted and becoming a manner; has accorded and decrees:

Art. 1st—Dr. Don Luis José de la Peña, actual Minister of Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation, is named Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, in a special mission, near the Government of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, and of H. M. the Emperor of Brazil, with the dotation afforded by law to those of his class in America, and retention of his Office.

2d—Let the corresponding Credentials be issued, which shall be signed by the Secretary of the General-in-Chief of the Grand Allied Army.

3d—Let it be communicated to whom it may concern, published, and given to the Official Register.

URQUIZA.
ANGEL ELIAS.

¡ Viva la Confederacion Argentina !

Palermo de San Benito, April 7th, 1852.

The Governor and Captain General of the Province of Entre Rios, General-in-Chief of the Grand Allied Liberating Army, Charged with the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation—

To provide in a convenient manner for the despatch of tho general affairs of the Argentine Confederation, during the absence of the Minister Secretary of Foreign Relations; has accorded and decrees—

Art. 1st—Dr. Don Vicente Fidel Lopez, actual Minister Secretary of State of the Government of Buenos Ayres in the Department of Public Instruction, is charged provisionally with the despatch of this Ministry.

2nd—Let it be communicated to whom it may concern, published, and given to the Official Register.

URQUIZA.
ANGEL ELIAS.

¡Viva la Confederacion Argentina!

The Minister of Foreign Relations of the Government of Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, April 8th, 1852.

To H. E. the Governor and Captain General of the Province of........

The undersigned, by order of H. E. the Governor and Captain General of the Province of Entre Rios, Charged with the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation, has already had the honor of communicating to Y. E. the resolution adopted by the signatary Governments, of the Federal compact of the 1st January, 1831, in conformity with those of the Governments of Salta and Cordoba, conferring on him the high honor of directing their general interests, in a manner conformable to the stipulations of that fundamental compact. To day he has the satisfaction of discharging another duty, which tends to complement the work initiated by the communities in that great national circle; all harmoniously propending to the organization of the Republic, so desired by its good and devoted sons.

H. E., who decidedly wishes to see that happy moment arrive, and that the most powerful elements may concur in it, for uniformity in so great an enterprise, has conceived the idea of a solemn assembly of the Most Excellent Governors of the Confederate Province, to form the basis of the National Constitution. H. E. expects great and powerful benefits from the patriotism and decision of those Guardians of the public liberties; and trusts that said idea will be appreciated on its own account, in the point of view that it merits.

Persuaded that Y. E. will feel the greatest pleasure in attending personally at so interesting an object, he has ordered the undersigned to invite you to that general assembly, which is to take place in the City of San Nicolas de los Arroyos, Province of Buenos Ayres, on the 20th of May next.

H. E. the General anxiously desires that Y. E. may deign to accept this official invitation, and present yourself on the day appointed at said City, because he intensely wishes to solemnize the grand 25th of May, by the opening of a National Convention; in which all the mandatories of the Confederation may animate their political ideas, and treat immediately of its general interests in the most efficacious manner, and that may best tend to the realization of the great design of the epoch,—the confraternity of the Governments and the Communities.

With this object, and trusting that Y. E. will benevolently accept this invitation, the undersigned feels complacency in reiterating to Y. E. the assurances of his highest consideration and esteem.

God preserve Y. E. many years—

LUIS J. de la PEÑA.

MANIFESTATION

Of the Representative of the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation.

The Argentine Confederation has passed through one of those epochs in the life of nations, almost always unavoidable, but not on that account the less worthy to be deplored.

Its liberty being destroyed; all the principles that gave it birth being trampled on; fallen from the consideration it had succeeded in acquiring, it scarcely lived in the recollection of its past glories.

But that very recollection re-engendered patriotism in the Argentines, which one day served to convert a poor Colony into a powerful Nation. It proclaimed anew its liberty, and liberty appears triumphant from the one extremity of the Republic to the other.

Without any fear that it may again be destroyed, all its anxiety now is to guarantee it, in a way that may render it unassailable; to found it upon the law, and to cause that its practical and tranquil exercise may indemnify its sons for the sacrifices it has cost them, and may present them before Nations, as worthy of the part that Providence has reserved for them.

In this truly great enterprise, and therefore worthy of the antecedents of the Argentines, he reckons on the support of friendly nations, that have always manifested to him their sympathies.

The sentiments which their Representatives have just expressed, reassure the confidence which he always had of their cooperation in the enterprise he undertakes.

The policy of the Argentine Confederation is comprehended and expressed in a very few words. In the Interior—national organization under the federal system, irrevocably adopted by the Communities; liberty secured and limited only by law; guarantees for persons and for property; protection to industry, to comerce, to all the institutions that animate and foment the life of nations.

In the Exterior—peace and friendship with all; sincere and perfect reciprocity; consideration and respect to all, on the basis that all have shown them, and will continue showing them to the Argentine Confederation.

Such are the principles that have inaugurated the new political revolution of May; the only ones I will ever maintain, without deviating from them an iota, or consenting that any one deviate from them. I will thus deliver up the sacred deposit the Nation has now placed in my hands, to him whom it may elect to complete the work I have had the glory of commencing.

JUSTO J. DE URQUIZA.

SYNOPSIS OF OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

(To facilitate reference we affix the dates of their publication in the "Progreso"—

April 7th—Protocol of the conference held on the 6th instant, in consequence of which H. E. Brigadier Don Justo José de Urquiza was invested provisionally with the direction of the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation—See Official Documents, last number.

Decree of the Provisional Government of the Province of Buenos Ayres, suspending the functions of the Minister Secretary of State in the Department of Foreign Relations; and authorising the Minister of Government to understand in all that may concern the relations of the Province of Buenos Ayres with the other Confederate Provinces.

Decree of the Supreme Chief of the Argentine Confederation, Brigadier Don Justo José de Urquiza, appointing Dr. Don Luis J. de la Peña, Minister and Secretary of State for the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation.

Decree appointing an additional Legal Adviser, and another Clerk to the General Guardian of Poor and Minors; and naming Dr. Luis Mendez y Balcarce to fill the former of these situations.

Circular from the Minister of Government to Don Luis Dorrego, Don Juan B. Molina, Don Agustin Delgado, Don Juan Peña, Don Lorenzo Aguero and Don Tomas Anchorena, announcing their appointment as a Commission to inquire into and report on the situation of the rural districts, and propose the measures they may deem expedient, to rectify and avoid the abuses arising from dispersion and mixture of cattle, resulting from the disorganized state into which the rural establishments had fallen.

The Minister of Government to the President of the Ecclesiastical Synod, suggesting certain reforms in the ecclesiastical appointments for the Province; in particular, that the Curacies should be conferred in perpetuity, not in commission as at present; that all Clergymen, without reference to their origin, provided they are duly qualified, should be admissible, always giving the preference to citizens; but that the statu quo should be preserved in the meantime, and the proposed changes introduced gradually.

Reply to the preceding, approving the suggestions generally, and promising to do every thing possible to carry them into effect; acquainting and consulting the Government, so as to harmonise the temporal and spiritual jurisdictions.

Decree appointing Hugh Crawford Smith, Esq., Argentine Consul in Liverpool.

Note from the Minister of War, requesting the Government to impress on the Justices of Peace of the Country districts, the necessity of co operating with the Departamental Chiefs in the formation of veteran corps for the protection of the frontier, especially of the South, and that vagrants and other disorderly persons should be destined to that service.

Note from Colonel Paso to General Galan, respecting some soldiers apprehended in a fray in the Calle de Cordoba, on the night of the 3d instant.

Note from H. E. Don Pablo Lucero, Governor of San Luis, to H. E. the General-in-Chief of the Allied Liberating Army, forwarding a series of documents, similar in purport to those from the Government of Mendoza, given at length in our last, viz:—

A note from the Governor to the Hon. Chamber at San Luis, acquainting it of the victory of Monte Caseros, and restoring the extraordinary powers with which he had been invested.

Reply of the Hon. Chamber, accompanying the sanction of the 19th March, wherein the Provinoe of San Luis resumes its territorial sovereignty, and revoking all the powers unduly conferred on the ex-Governor Don Juan Manuel de Rosas—Recognising General Urquiza as Regenerator and Organizer of the Republic—Directing the Executive to congratulate General Urquiza on the glorious triumph of Monte Caseros—And proclaiming a uniformity of policy, with that of the Government of Entre Rios—Also appointing a Commission of the Hon. Chamber to thank Brigadier Don Pablo Lucero, for the becoming use he had made of the extraordinary powers; and the handsome way in which he had restored them.

Popular act of the Province of Salta, on the 3rd March last, when ex-Governor Saravia was compelled to resign, and Don Tomas Arias proclaimed Provisional Governor in his stead—Revoking all their delegated powers, and declaring their unqualified adhesion to the order of things inaugurated bv General Urquiza.

Decree of the Provisional Government, delegating in General Urquiza, in so far as the Province of Salta is concerned, the representation of the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation, till the installation of the Provincial Legislature, to whose consideration it would be submitted.

April 8th—Report of the Commission appointed for reorganizing the Serenos; in which they reproduce the Law of the 30th October 1834, with the modifications proposed, to adapt it to the actual circumstances.

Decree approving the draft presented, with certain modifications, and appointing as Directive Commission for the remaining months of the present year, Don Vicente Ortega, Don Juan B. Peña, Don Fabian Gomez, Don Braulio Bernal, and Don Agustin Delgado, with right to name their own Presideut.

Note from the Minister of War to Colonel Lagos, Commandant General of the South, with instructions as to the means of obtaining a regular supply of mares, for the rations of the friendly Indians, and avoiding any conflicts between the military and civil jurisdictions.

Note from the Collector-General, accompanying the resignation of a subaltern employé, &c.

Appointment of D. Eustaqino de la Riestra as Inspector of Spirits and Provisions, and of Don Josè Fernandez for hardware, for the remaining months of the current year.

Appointment of Don Mariano Drago and Don Benito Casal, as Inspectors of dry goods for the months of April, May and June.

Note from the Post-Master General of Entre-Rios to Don Manuel de Luca, stating that every effort would be made to expedite the service of the Post-Office.

Valedictory address of General Don Pablo Lopez to his Companions of Arms, and to the People of Buenos Ayres.

March 12th. "Descriptive sketch of Patagones," by Don Manuel Alvarez, addressed to the Minister of Government, with suggestions as to the importance of developing the vast natural resources of that remote but interesting District, that ought to figure amongst the most important of the Confederation.

Decree of H. E. the General-in-Chief of the Allied Liberating Army, Charged with the Foreign Relations of the Argentine Confederation, appointing Dr. Peña Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, on a special mission near the Oriental Government, and that of H. M. the Emperor of Brazil.—See official Documents.

Decree of the same, appointing Dr. Vicente Fidel Lopez, Minister of Public Instruction, to discharge the duties of Dr. Peña during his absence— See Official Documents.

Order of the day, in which H. E. General Urquiza, Governor of Entre Rios, promotes Don José Maria Piran, Colonel of Artillery, to the rank of Colonel Major of the Army of Buenos Ayres; and Colonel Don Apolinario Almada, to that of Colonel Major of the Army of Entre Rios.

April 14th—Continuation of the "Descriptive Sketch of Patagones," by Don Manuel Alvarez, treating of the topographical peculiarities, and rich natural resources of the District; an extremely interesting document, that we hope to give at length in an earlv number.

Decree ritiring from all private Establishments of Education the right of granting Certificates available instead of a regular University course, except in the dead or living languages: only those who have passed the *curriculum* of Argentine Universities, or foreign Universities that admit the principle of reciprocity, are henceforth entitled to aspire to University honors and prerogatives.

Note from the Chief of Police, denouncing certain acts of insubordination and public scandal, that took place in the door-way and passages of the Cathedral, on the evening of Holy Friday; stating that he had abstained from violent means of repression, and now referred the case to the decision of the Government—Reply of the Minister of Government, to the effect that such scandals, wherein armed disobedience and rebellion had been added to impiety and immorality, could not be allowed to pass with impunity, and therefore directing that the youths Abelard Alvarez and Victor Fernandez should be apprehended, and placed at the disposal of the Criminal Judge, with instructions to institute a searching investigation as to the authors and accomplices of the foul crime, submitting it immediately to the consideration of the Government.

Notes from the Minister of Government to the Justice of Peace of the District of Quilmes, granting permission to erect a Church in the neighbourhood of the Barraca Bridge, and to understand with the Curate of Quilmes, as to the functions and jurisdiction of the Chaplain to be appointed.

Resolution of the Government, subdividing the District of Quilmes; the new division to be styled *District of Barracas to the South*, embracing all the territory situated between the Rio de Barracas and the left margin of Cañada de Gaete and Rivulet of Santo Domingo; the remainder retaining the ancient name. The actual justice of Peace to select the Department he chooses to continue presiding.

List of pending Law-Suits, remitted by the Vice-President of the Tribunal of "Recursos Extraordinarios".

Report of the President of the Central Scrutiny Table, declaring the result of the general Electiens of the 11th.

Statement of the operations of the Public Funds and sinking Fund, to the end of March 1852.

April 15th—Consultation of the President of the Supreme Court of Justice, as to the continuation of the Tribunal of "Recursos Extraordinarios"—In his opinion the Attor-

ney-General recommends its immediate suppression; whilst the Solicitor-General, on the contrary, considers the Provisional Government incompetent to abrogate these laws —Without entering into the merits of the question, the Government reserves the whole case for the consideration of the ensuing Legislature.

Decree from the Department of Foreign Relations, appointing Don José Manuel de la Fuente Secretary of the Extraordinary Legation of this Republic near the Government of H. M. the Emperor of Brasil, with retention of his actual post in the Ministry of Foreign Relations.

Note of the Minister of War to the Commandant-in-Chief of the Department of the North, acquainting him that the Minister of Government sanctions and approves the measures contemplated for the formation of the new town of Bragado, directing the said Commandant to understand, in all these local measures, with the corresponding Justice of Peace.

Note from the Minister of War to that of Government, respecting the correlative civil and military jurisdictions in the District of Chapaleofú.

March 16th. Note from the Secretary of the Grand Liberating Army, to the Minister of Public Instruction, enclosing the Decree that appoints him Minister of Foreign Relations during the absence of Dr. Peña. Reply of Dr. Vicente Fidel Lopez, acceding to the arrangement.

Decree from the Department of Foreign Relations, augmenting the staff of said Department, and increasing the Salaries of the 1st Clerk and Archive Keeper, from 1000 to 1500 dollars per month each.

Note from the Interim Minister of Foreign Relations to Don Benedicto Maciel, exonerating him from the habilitation of said Ministry, which office has been conferred on Dr. José Maria Reybaud, and thanking Sr. Maciel for his long and faithful services.

Note from the Justice of Peace of Quilmes, setting forth the facilities afforded for the escape of vagrants, by the suppression of inland passports.—Resolved that the existing laws for the contract of peones. the certificates of former employers, and the matriculation of cattle drivers be strictly enforced, as affording adequate means for the detection of vagrants, &c.

Decree appointing Don Marcos Sastre Superintendent, and Don German Frers Administrator of the Normal School, with the monthly salary of 2000 dollars each.

Decree organizing provisionally the Medical Department of the University.

Report of the University Commission, submitted to the Minister of Public Instruction.

Note from General Rudecindo Alvarado, to General Urquiza, presenting his "sincere gratitude, his respect, and admiration."

Foreign Intelligence.

ORIENTAL REPUBLIC—In the Message of the Executive to the Chamber of Representatives, of date the 3d instant, we have a melancholy and alarming picture of the situation and prospects of that neighbouring and sister Republic; the necessary consequence of the civil disorder, and subsequent foreign interventions, that have so deeply deranged its financial resources, and productive industry.

In repudiating the Contract with the farmers of the Custom-House Rents, and other existing compacts, President Giró alleges the supreme law of necessity; as otherwise the Government would find itself "without the means indispensable to its march, and to fulfil the objects of its institution," with a risk of the dissolution of the State, and a return to disorder.

In view of these formidable difficulties and evils, the following Drafts of law were submitted to the Assembly :—

No. 1—Authorising the Government to appropriate to the expenses of the service of the Nation, all public rents without any exception.

No. 2—Recognizing the State Creditors.

No. 3—Classifying the public Debt, and fixing the order and manner of liquidation.

No. 4—Creating a Sinking Fund, and providing for its administration.

The Commission of Finance having reported in fovour of Draft No. 1, it was adopted by a majority of 2, in a house of 22 members.

BRAZIL—In the "Correio da Tarde" of the 15th March, there is an Editorial, headed "Buenos Ayres and Montevideo," to which we call the serious attention of the Statesmen and public press of the River Plate. The Journal in question is avowedly ministerial, and we decidedly dislike the overweening Brazilian spirit in which it comments recent occurrences, and still more the overbearing preponderance at which it undisguisedly aspires, in the future development of its policy in the River Plate. The ratification of the late treaties with the Oriental Republic may be an open question; but the pretension of acquiring, even previously to their ratification, similar treaties with the Argentine Republic, is an avowal as unjust in its object, as inopportune in its disclosure; and can hardily fail to excite Argentine susceptibilities, adverse to an equitable and satisfactory arrangement. "The moderation and generosity, the justice and utility of the Imperial policy," are all very good; but it is indiscreet and ungenerous to remind us in the same breath, of "the knowledge we have acquired of their power." Their popularity with the Montevideans and Buenos Ayreans must be partly neutralized, by the alleged influence they have "known to acquire with the Allied Chiefs." Popular instinct will teach Governments "that wish to preserve themselves," to rely more on the sympathies of the native communities, than the protection of any foreign alliance; and the surest and shortest way to undermine their necessary and desireable power and prestige, is to hold out the idea of such extraneous aid and abetment. Well may the Imperial Cabinet exclaim—Save us from our friends!

SHIPPING INTEREST—By a decree of the 5th March, anchorage duty of Foreign vessels, trading in the Ports of the Empire, is reduced from 900 rs. to 300 rs. per ton; that of coasting vessels, formerly 90 rs. per ton, abolished—

FLOATING BATHS—Señor Candido J. de Carvalho has obtaianed an exclusive privilege for establishing said baths in the port of Rio Janeiro, for the term of 15 years. Charge restricted to 400 reis, the individual to be embarked and landed, at the expense of the undertaker.

We have received the "Journal du Havre" to the 11th Feb., from which we extract the following items:

ENGLAND—The seamen of the English brig Violet, captured by the pirates of Riff, had been rescued after a captivity of three months.

Lord Cowley has been appointed Ambassador to Paris, and Lord Normanby Governor General of India.

The "Pays" asserts that, notwithstanding the violence of the English press, there is no motive for apprehending a rupture between England and France.

The Municipal Board of Portsmouth had transmitted a vote of thanks to Rear Admiral Leblanc, Prefect of Brest, for his prompt and generous efforts in behalf of the unfortunate steamer Amazon.

Lord John Russel had obtained leave to introduce his bill for the reform of the electoral laws.

FRANCE—M. Lamartine, and several other distinguished individuals, decline being put in nomination as members of Assembly.

Nothing had been decided as to the official installation of the Council of State.

The Duke de Bassano, Ambassador of France near the King of Belgium, had arrived at Brussels.

The "Nouvelle Gazette de Prusse," contradicts the report, that 200,000 federal troops were to be concentrated on the Frontiers of France.

BELGIUM—Many of the Provinces were suffering greatly from the prevalence of inundations.

SPAIN—The Official Bulletins report Her Majesty as *promisingly convalescent*.

SHIPPING INTEREST—NAVIGATION LAWS OF SPAIN.

[From the *Liverpool Albion*.]

Apprehensions having been entertained by many Shipowners and others interested in the trade between this port and the Spanish colonies, in consequence of a paragraph which lately appeared in the *Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*, relating to the proposed treaty of Navigation and Commerce between Spain and this country, that such treaty was definitively agreed upon, and would only embrace the Peninsula and adjacent islands, the chairman of the Shipowners' Association at this port addressed a letter to Lord Granville, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, on the subject, and from the reply thereto it will be seen that the negotiations are still pending:—

"Liverpool, Jan. 15, 1852.

"My Lord,—The attention of the Shipowners' Association of this port has been directed to a paragraph in the *Shipping and Mercantile Gazette* of the 10th instant under the head 'Spain,' in which it is stated that, in virtue of a royal decree of the 3d instant, foreign vessels sre to be placed on the same footing as Spanish vessels in the Peninsula and adjacent islands, as respects navigation, harbour, light-house, and anchorage dues, and others fixed by the law of the 12th of April, 1849, and the royal decree of the 16th of December last, provided their governments shall grant the same advantages to vessels of the Spanish navy. And I have been requested by the association to inquire from your lordship, whether the statement so inserted is correct, and if such is the case, to request your lordship [provided that a due regard to the public interests will permit your lordship so to do] would favour the association with such further particulars of the treaty, as may be of importance in regulating the trading operations of those members of the association who have commercial intercourse with Spain.

"I am further requested to express to your lordship, under the assumption, however, that the statement in the *Shipping and Mercantile Gazette* is correct, the very great disappointment of the association, that this concession on the part of the Spanish government does not embrace the colonies of Spain, a more free trade with which the association have long considered of the highest importance to the interests of this country, and an advantage to which she is justly entitled, upon those principles of reciprocity which the repeal of the Navigation Laws was intended to promote. The association addressed Lord Palmerston upon this subject on the 30th October last, and from the terms of his lordship's answer, though no arrangement had been then come to, the door was not closed to such being effected.

"If upon this subject also, namely the removal of restrictions on trade in British ships with the Spanish colonies, your lordship could afford the association any information, they would feel greatly obliged to your lordship.

"I have the honour to be, my lord, your lordship's most obedient servant,

"ROBERT RANKIN, Chairman.

"The Right Honourable Earl Granville,

H. M. Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

"Foreign-office, Jan. 27, 1852.

"Sir,—I am directed by Earl Granville to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th instant, on the subject of the decree which the appeared in the *Madrid Gazette* of the 4th inst., by which the government of Spain is empowered to grant reciprocity in navigation, to the vessels of those countries which concede the like privileges to Spanish Shipping; and, in reply to the inquiries contained in your letter, I am to state to you that, as soon as the negotiations between the British and Spanish governments on the subject of reciprocity in navigation have been brought to a definite conclusion, Lord Granville will cause the Shipowners' Association at Liverpool to be informed thereof.

"I am, Sir, your most obedient humble servant,

"H. WADDINGTON.

"To Robert Rankin, Esq., Chairman of the Shipowners' Association, Liverpool."

BUENOS AYRES.

ELECTIONS—In all republics, and the better forms of monarchy, the will of the people is recognised as the source of power; as their good is the professed end and object of government. All power, legislative, judicial and executive, emanates from this aggregate sovereignty, the same as the oak from the acorn, by the eternal and immutable laws of generation and progression.

To mutilate, or in any way vitiate that primary germ, from which all must spring, on which all must depend, and to which all is ultimately responsible, is the crime of crimes: whilst to vindicate and uphold its integrity, and to exercise it in all its purity and simplicity, are the noblest achievements of patriotism.

After a long and dreary interval of social collapse and degradation, Buenos Ayres has reasserted her inalienable birth-right and patrimony, with a unanimity and heroic decision, worthy of her glorious antecedents; ininspiring hope and confidence in the new and brighter era thus auspiciously inaugurated. In her successful resistance to the first aggressions of armed encroachment on the sacred precincts of the electoral urn, we hail the pledge and promise of a certain civic triumph.

Despite a formidable opposition, of the the most illegal and obnoxious character, the amalgamated list of the popular clubs has come forth triumphant from the fiery ordeal; a noble bond of mutual gratitude and confidence between Constituents and Representatives, that cannot fail to be productive of the happiest results.

The Representatives elect for the Capital, to whom we present our respectful homage and cordial congratulations, are the following:—

	Names.	No. of Votes.
Rev. Bishop Dr.	D. Mariano de Escalada......	7360
Colonel	» Bartolomé Mitre............	7359
Dr.	» Marcelo Gamboa............	7357
»	» José L. Banegas............	7352
	» Felipe Llavallol............	7351
	» Domingo Olivera............	7349
Coronel	» Juan Antonio Lezica......	7348
	» Francisco Balbin............	7346
	» Juan Bautista Peña.........	7344
	» Domingo Marin............	7343
»	» Fracisco Carreras............	3965
»	» Ignacio Martinez......	3962
»	» Francisco Pico...............	3959
»	» Ireneo Portela...............	3959
»	» Pastor Obligado............	3957
»	» Andres Somellera............	3956
»	» Juan A. Montesdeoca......	3935
»	» Luis Dominguez............	3933
»	» Miguel Esteves Saguí......	3932
	» Patricio Linch...............	3931
	» Santiago Albarracin......	3929
	» Norberto Riestra............	3929
	» Juan B. Molina...............	3916
»	» Hilario Almeira...............	3809

FOREIGN RELATIONS—On Monday H. E. General Urquiza, Governor and Captain General of the Province of Entre Rios, was publicly invested with the Representation of the Foreign Relations of tte Argentine Confederation.

The pointed and touching preliminary address, by H. E. Governor Lopez, will be read with deep interest and respectful admiration:—

"Governor and Captain General of the Province of Entre Rios, General-in-Chief of the Grand Allied Army, that has delivered us from the tyrannical yoke, that had oppressed us, together with the whole Republic, for so many years,—you are about to assume on your conscience the weight of one of the highest obligations that a Statesman can at present contract amongst us; that of conducting with prudence the relations of peace and frienship, that ought to unite the Argentine Confederation with all the other Nations of America and of Europe; and as only God can search and recompense the obligations of conscience, you are going to give the religious oath, which the law prescribes in such cases.

The Foreign relations of the Republic, well conducted, will secure to us peace, that great necessity of the present epoch, redressive of so many tears, so many disasters, which a fatal spirit of perpetual war has caused us in our persons and interests. You undertake this charge, Sir, in the most auspicious circumstances, for procuring us this supreme national good. It is you who has quenched by your victories that fatal spirit of perpetual war; and if you do procure us peace, assuredly it is not because you fear war. War is a necessary evil; it must not be loved or sought after, becuse it is an evil; it must not be proscribed, because it is necessary.

Here lies the necessity of prudence for Statesmen, of that virtue as necessary in politics, as in civil or domestic life. Prudence is *hnman reason*, dominating in its councils as arbitress of the passions, which it submits to its rules: imprudenoe is passion, dominating in its councils, as mistress of reason, which it submits to its blind instincts. You are well aware, Sir, of this profound truth, and we trust that you will practise it in the exercise of your high charge, for the supreme good of our Country, and greater glory of your name, already renowned on so many accounts.

The solemn oath administered on the occasion, is couched in the following terms:—

"Do you swear before God Our Lord, on these Holy Gospels, faithfully and with a conscience duly enlightened, to discharge the high commission of conducting the Relations of the Argentine Confederation with Foreign Nations, seeking the preservation of Peace with all of them, so far as may be compatible with honor; maintaining the National Independence, and submitting yourself in all respects to the Federal form, which the Argentine Communities, adhering to the compact of the LITTORAL LEAGUE, consecrated as the basis of their Political Right?"—

To which H. E. responded—"I so swear."

Dr. Manuel Garcia, as President of the Ecclesiastical Synod, then addressed General Urquiza; as also Señor Leitte, Chargé d'Affiaires of H. M. the Queen of Portugal, as Senior of the Diplomatic Body. Señor Leitte's address ran as follows:—

"On this day, so auspicious for the Argentine Confederation, when the bonds of confraternity that unite the Provinces are again drawn closer, the honor falls to me of addressing Y. E., in the name of the Foreign Diplomatic Body in this Republic, for the high and honourable distinction which Y.E. has merited of representing them.

Our sincere and uniform wishes are that they may prosper under the prudent direction of Y. E., and the Authorities that preside them; and we will omit nothing in accrediting to Y. E., that the anxious desires of our Governments are to cultivate and draw closer their friendly relations with these beautiful countries, to which they wish permanent peace, and that their subjects, who come here to settle may worthily correspond to the generous hospitality which is dispensed to them".

Altogether the spectacle was solemn and imposing: and as the organ of a numerous community, deeply interested in the peace and prosperity of the Republic, and in the concord and harmony of its Foreign Relations, we respectfully tender their August Representative our sincere felicitations. *Qui palmam meruit, ferat!*—

VISIT TO MONTE CASEROS.—On Tuesday the Provisional Government, with a select accompaniment of Illustrious Guests and devoted retainers, made an excursion to the henceforth classic plains of Monte Caseros. After reviewing that memorable locality, with an intensity of interest, enhanced by a variety of commingling reminiscences, the party adjourned to the hospitable mansion of Señor Bazin at Santos Lugares, to what we may classify as a Greenwich white bait dinner; and, in the overflowings of social conviviality, some incidental disclosures were made, that foreshadow the probable course of forth-coming political combinations.

If Dr. Alzina's programme be realized, the Presidency of the Republic is reserved for the Hero of Monte Caseros;—and, with a noble frankness, becoming his position, and worthy of being imitated by our statesmen and politicians, General Urquiza made the following important and opportune avowal:—"The venerable patriot, Don Vicente Lopez, is entitled from his virtues to continue occupying the first Magistracy of the Province, and may reckon on the sympathies of the Liberating Army, as I consider him to possess the general esteem of his fellow-citizens"—These two incidents combined, reflect a cheering streak of light, along the steep and rugged path, that conducts to the goal of all patriotic aspirations—the definitive organization of the Republic.

MORE NEWSPAPERS. The Fair Sex have made an advance towards intellectual Bloomerism, by entering the lists of public journalism. The name "Camelia" suggests the idea of flowers and fragrance, and we have no doubt it may prove a successful *fusionist*; although we apprehend its ultimate tendency must be to *unity and centralization*. At all events it may be rendered subservient to municipal organization, of which we heartily approve.

LE PATRIOTE FRANCAIS—Announces its distinctive nationality; and in a community supposed to amount to 20,000, was an evident desideratum. It is to appear on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and em-

braces the usual range of politics, commerce and literature. The literary qualifications of the Editor are well known; and we wish him every success in his patriotic enterprise.

El Nacional—We feel almost disposed to be sentimental, at the announced disappearance of our old and staunch crony, the "Diario de la Tarde," which assumes its new cognomen, "El Nacional," from and after the 1st day of May ensuing; leaving us literally "a brotherless hermit, the last of our race." It matters not. Faithful to our national characteristics, we cling to our hoary traditions; rejoicing in the antiquity of a name, even though it may lose itself in the barbarism of a Saxon or a Norman conquest.

In Dr. Dalmacio Velez Sarsfield, onr editorial ranks receive a powerful reinforcement. A genuine,and not a very remote, descendent of the Emerald Isle, he retains the sprightly wit, the excursive fancy, and the fervid sympathies of our Burkes and Grattans; qualities that must enliven a public journal, and in some degree compensate the great loss we sustain in the terse and graphic pen of the actual conductor of the "Diario de la Tarde"

Interior Provinces—Protestations of adhesion to the new order of things, pour in with railway speed. The "Progreso" of this morning contains that of General Benavides for the Province of San Juan; and that of D. José Benito Barsena, for that of Jujuy; to which for the present we can only allude.

Normal School—We congratulate the Minister of Public Instruction, and the community at large, on the two first appointments to this important Seminary. We can bear public testimony to the literary qualifications, the professional zeal, and the personal worth of the Superintendent, Don Marcos Sastre, and the Administrator, Don German Frers. In such hands we confidently anticipate and predict success.

A murderous assault was committed, at an early hour of wednesday last, in his own house, on the person of Dr. Cordero, late of the Police Court of this City, by a man-servant lately received into the family. Whilst his victim remains in a very precarious state, we regret to understand that the deliquent has escaped in the meantime. No clue as to the motive of the diabolical act has transpired.

Latest Intelligence.—News from England *via* France, Rio Janeiro and Montevideo to the 23d march. The Russel administration is said to have resigned, in consequence of having been left in a minority, in a vote of the house of Commons, on the subject of the regular militia. Members present 260; majority against Ministers 11. Lord Palmerston is reported to have dealt out to his quondam colleague the *coup de grace*. Nothing said as to the formation of a new Ministry.

The "Comercio del Plata" appears unaccountably fidgety as to the object of Dr. Peña's diplomatic visit. At the same time it speaks of "serious and vital questions" pending with the Imperial Legation; and of peace or war as contingent alternatives.

A vessel with military stores had arrived from Rio Janeiro at Montevideo; and a division of the Imperial Army returned to escort said supplies to head quarters.

Mr. Bruce, the British Chargé d'Affaires and Consul General, appointed near the Oriental Government, having arrived in this Capital, from Bolivia, was daily expected at his new destination.

Miscellaneous.

THE MIDNIGHT WATCH.

It was during that part of my life while I was walking the hospitals, that an incident occurred to me of such surpassing and breathless interest, that it will be as vivid on the last day of my existence as it was an hour after its passing.

There was, in the class to which I belonged, a young man, a native of Devonshire, whose parents had with great difficulty scraped together a sufficient sum to enable him to follow the course of study necessary to fit him for passing his examination.

When he first came to the hospital, he appeared in a most extraordinary custome ever beheld in the streets of London, and he would most certainly have led a wretched life amongst us,if it had not been that his gigantic size and muscular proportions exorted from us a considerable degree of wholesome respect, quite edifying to behold. His coat and other gear might have been the work of a Cherokee tailor aided by the superintending taste of some old back-woodsman, who remembered rather indistinctly the cut and proportions of habiliments he had not looked upon for upwards of half a century; it would have been ridiculous if it had not encased one of the finest models of a manly frame that ever trod the earth. With close curling black hair, fine open features, and the port and lithe motion of a lion, he was a figure to look upon in any disguise, with warm admiration. He placed himself in the hands of a tailor, and the metamorphosis that took place was wonderful—in a month he was the best dressed man in the class to which he belonged. But he never forgot the straightened circumstances of his parents, nor the sacrifices they must have made to give him the education he had received; and though I have said he was the best dressed man, I do not mean the reader to infer that consequently he was the most extravagant.

We were reading hard for our examination, when Greyling suddenly lost his reason. He had not been otherwise ill, and had apparently, in the midst of high health, gone mad at a moment's warning. The physicians scarcely knew how to treat him. The confinement to which he was at first subjected, however, was thought inexpedient, and he seemed to justify thir lenity by the gentlest behaviour when at liberty—He seemed oppressed by a heart-breaking melancholy.

We all of us were of the slender pecuniary resources upon which he had to depend; and fearful of offending his sense of delicacy by offering to pay for a person to sit up and watch over him amongst the members of the class, and which would have been but lightly felt we resolved to take our turns in guarding and watching him, and it was upon my first night of duty that the incident occurred to which I have referred above.

It had been snowing the whole of the day, but the sun had set with a red rift in the clouds, and the face of the sky was swept in an hour to the clearness of the blue in a maiden's eye. The heaven was one mass of gloriously brilliant stars, and the moon looked like a gorgeous lamp in a setting of the deepest azure.

I took my books, and with hot punch, a cold chicken and a fire,I looked forward to it as merely a studious night, and as the wintry wind of January rattled in at the old windows, I thrust my feet into slippers, drew my dresssing gown about me, and congratulated myself upon the excessive comfortableness of my position. Greyling slept soundly, and I, becoming wearied of my studies, looked around the apartment for some book to vary my reading:—'The Book of Martyrs, 'was the volume I pitched upon, and I was soon lost in its sou'-thrilling narratives. I read on and on.

The college clock struck,it seemed to me, the quarters rathers than the hours. Time flew—it was three. Horrible! most horrible! I started from the chair with the exclamation, and felt as if my scalp was lifted from my head. It was a description in the harrowing faithfulness of the olden time, painting almost the articulate groans of the impaled Christian. I clasped the old iron bound book, and rushed to the window, as if my heart was stifling for fresh air. Again at the fire—and I sat gazing at it totally unable to shake off the fearful incubus that oppressed me. The martyr was there on the very hearth, with the stakes scornfully crossed on his body; and as the large coals cracked asunder, and revealed the brightness within, I seemed to follow the nerve-rending instrument, from this to shoulder, and suffer with him pang for pang, as if the burning redness were the pools of his feverish blood.

'Aha!' It struck upon my ear lik the cry of some exulting fiend. 'Aha!' I sunk into the chair as the awful cry was repeated, and looked fearfully over my shoulder. There was a rustling in the bed, and then I found the wild eyes of my patient fixed steadfastly upon me. He observed my glance, and springing over the bed turned the key, and dashed it furiously through the window.

'Why have you left your bed?' I asked in a tone of forced mildness.

'To kill you!' In another moment the light-stand was swept from between us,and he struck me down with a blow that would have felled a giant. His knee was instantly upon my breast, and his fingers grasped my throat.—In the agonies of suffocation, I struck out my arm, and almost buried it in the fire upon the hearth. With an expiring thought I grasped a handful of the red-hot coals, and pressed them against his side, and for a moment he recoiled.

I darted to the window, and to my unutterable joy, I saw the figure of a watchman at but a little distance. I shouted to him and Greyling leaped to his feet.

'There is time yet,' said the madman; but as he came towards me,I seized a very heavy stone pitcher standing on the window-seat, and hurling it at him with a fortunate force and aim he fell stunned and bleeding on the floor.

The door was burst open at the next moment, and calling for assistance we bound the madman hand and foot, dressed the wounds in his head and side, and committed him to fresh watchers.

We have often spent many pleasant hours together since, but I never see Greyling with a smile off his face, without a disposition to look round for the door.

EXCHANGE—April 17.

Spanish Dollars and Patacons	17
Patriot Doubloons	— á 262½
Spanish do.	á 264
Bills on England, per doubloon	65s. 6d. per oz.

Currency.... per dol. 3d.

Do. Montevideo	par. á ½ p. cent. prem.
France, per doubloon	83 fs. per oz..
United States, do. ....discount p.c.	2
Rio Janeiro	1 p. ct. prem.

The highest price of Patriot doubloons during the week 262½
The lowest 260½

Highest rate of exchange on England during the week 65s. 6d. per oz. Lowest 65s. 6d.

EXPORTS—April 16.

Hides, duty 1 dol. each.	
Dry Matadero, narrow without bulls, 28 á 30 lbs., pesada of 35 lbs....very scarce	31 á 32rls.sil.
Do. do. do. cow, 22 lbs... do.	— á 29½ "
Do. do. do. camp, 3 % bulls, 25, 27 lbs.	28 á 29rls. sil.
Hides, for Spain, 25 lbs. "..scarce	29 " 30
Do. N. America, 21 "...	27 á 27½ rls. sil.
Do. of all stakes	26 á 28 rls.sil.
Do. of low weights, say aver. 17 lbs.	29 á 30 rls.
Do. calf skins, say do. 7 lbs.....nominal	30 rls. sil.
Ox hides,salted, 60 á 65 lbs. per 60 lbs.	23 á 24 rls. sil.
Cow do. do. ...do.	21½ á 21 7-8
Horse do. dry, each	9 á 10
Do. do, salted " ....scarce.... rls. sil.	5 á 6
Nonato, dry, ½ dol. duty, each, pesada 35 lbs.	56 á 58
Skins, duty 4 %	
Sheep, washed, mixed, per 30 lbs.	35 á 40
Nutria, (none) per lb. 4 rials sil. nominal	— á —
Wool, duty free.	
Ordinary, dirty, per 25 lbs.	16 á 18
Do. washed "	30 á 35
Meztizo, dirty, "	25 á 30
Do. washed "	45 á 50
Fine, dirty "	35 á 40
Do. washed "	65 á 70
Cordova, baled ....silver	23 á 24rls
Horse hair, duty 4 %	
" Short, arroba	17 á 18rs. sil.
" mixed " ....rls. sil.	20 á 23
" long "	75 á 85
Cow hair, with garras	25 á 26
Do. do. clean ....rls. sil.	22 á 23
Tallow, melted, duty free.	
" with grease, arroba(of 17$ per oz.).	11½ á 11½
" pure " do....do..$26	á 28 in boxes.
Hide cuttings, garras, duty 4 %, qql.; baled ..	— á 30
Horns, duty, 4 % Ox, mil.....prime	800 á1000
Inferior do.	600 á 700
Do. Cow "	150 á 200
Ostrich feathers, duty 4 %	
Long black, lb.	5 á 6
Do. short white	14 á 15
Do. loose	3 á 4
Jerked beef, duty 4 % qql.	35 a 36
Bones, shin & marrow 4 % p. mil.	85 á 100
Mare's grease, 8 á 9rls. silver, or cur. $	15 á 17
Goat skins, perdozen 24rls.silver	45 á 46

No produce on hand in the Saladeros, with exception of some small lots of tallow holding for 23 dols. per arr.

FREIGHTS—April 16.—Rates.

England.	
Dry Hides, per ton 2240 lbs.	60 á 65s.
Salted do. " "	25 á 30s.
Tallow, in boxes & pipes "	25 á 30s.
Bales of wool and hair"	25 & 30s.
France.	
Dry Hides per 900 kil. (and 10 % p.)	— á 60fs
Salted do. 1000 " "	— á 30.
Tallow, 1000 k. in boxes or pipes nominal	— á 40
Produce in bales, per 42 ft.	— á 40
Continent.	
Dry Hides per ton 2240 lbs. (and 5 % p.)	60 á 65s.
Salted do. " " "	25 á 35s.
Spain.	
Dry Hides per ton 2000 lbs. (and 10 % p.)	— á 22
United States.	
Dry Hides, per lb. (and 5 % p.)	½ á ⅝cent.
Salted do. " " "	½ " ½
Produce in bales, per ton, 40 ft."	$4 á 5
Rio Janeiro.	
Jerked beef, per 100 lbs.	2½ á 3 rls.
Pernambuco.	
Jerked beef, per 100 lbs.	4 á 5 rls.
Havana.	
do. do. in Spanish bottoms 10 rls. in foreign do.	6 rls

PRICES—On board.

Bar and bolt iron, abundant	qql.	$31
Hoop and sheet " " "	"	35
Coals,	ton	7½ dols. sil.
Canel coals	sil.	11
" Smith, scarce	—	16
Lumber, American foot 4½ rls. currency, on shore		
" Swedish and Baltic, silver per m. feet		29
Russian pine " — do.	silver	30½
" pitch pine, " "	silver	34½
Flag stones [on board]	per yard	20
Tin plates [on shore] box	silver	11
" bar	curr. qql.	490
Shingles per m.	"	65
Salt, Cadiz on board; silver		8½ rls
Cape Verds		7 "

MARKET—April 16, 1852.

Sales since our last report.

Ex-Morenilla, from Havana, 200 boxes white sugar 30 dols. arr; 60 pipes caña 1050 dols. per 128 gals.—ex-Bernardus, from Pernambuco, 100 pipes caña 1185 dols. p. p.

From deposit—100 pipes Cette wine at 510 dols.; 350 boxes Bordeaux wine 32 dols.; 290 barrrels old Santos sugar, white 23 dols. arr.; brown do. 18 dols.

At Auction—200 barrels Carolina rice 58 dols. arr.

MARINE LIST.

PORT of BUENOS AYRES

Sailed, April 10, Wind S., in the afternoon changed to E., American brig Sutton, 192 tons, Mitchell, for New York, despatched by O. J. Hayes & Co., with 3,549 dry ox and cow hides, 5,000 horns, 144 bales wool, 5 do. and 62 seroons hair, 24 bales sheep skins, 2 do. nutria do., 3 barrels flour.

Spanish polacre Carlota, 125 tons, Fontainille, for Cuba, despatched by E. Ochoa & Co., with 2,350 quintals jerked beef.

Danish brig Thorwaldsen, 154 tons, Jessen, for Falmouth, despatched by Wedekind & Co., with 7,553 dry ox and cow hides, 1,540 salted do. do.

Sailed, April 11, Wind N. W., French barque Moliere, 336 tons, De Lamare, for Havre, despatched by Llavallol & Sons, with 4477 salted ox and cow hides, 8,567 dry do. do., 1,102 salted horse do., 195 bales wool, 6 do. hair, 24,000 bones, 10 tons do.

Austrian brig Infaticabile, 360 tons, Ratcovich, for Ensenada, despatched by Vicente Rosa, in ballast.

Brazilian brig Hanibal, 196 tons, Santana, for Brazil, despatched by Narciso Martinez & Sons, with 2,994 quintals jerked beef, 50 dry ox and cow hides, 40 dry horse do.

British schooner Alpha, 150 tons, Rea, for England, despatched by Wilfrid Latham & Co., with 1,535 salted ox and cow hides, 220 pipes and 100 half pipes tallow, 16,000 bones.

Arrived, April 12, Wind S. E., Spanish polacre Morenilla, 146 tons, Sebastian Urizar, from Havana 8th December, Rio Janeiro 30th March, to Adolf van Praet, with 60 pipes aguardiente, 33 boxes, 3 bales and 12 casks cigars, 300 boxes sugar, 2 boxes wax candles.

Sardinian schooner Luisa, José Muratore, from Montevideo 10th inst. Passengers 7.

British brig Flora, 230 tons, David Forman, from Dundee 5th February, to order, with 320 tons coal.

Sailed, Spanish brigantine Ninfa, 127 tons, Carran, for Cuba, despatched by E. Ochoa & Co., with 2,704 quintals jerked beef.

Sardinian lugger Fama, J. B. Schiaffino, for Montevideo.

Oriental steamer Paraná, J. N. Reiz, for Montevideo.

Sailed, April 13, Wind N., British brig Wilton Wood, 243 tons, Pyott, for Liverpool, despatched by John Best & Brothers, with 2420 salted ox and cow hides, 496 salted horse do., 266 pipes tallow, 32 do. mares oil, 33 bales and 2 bags wool, 50 bales hair, 1 do. sheep skins, 26,000 bones.

Sardinian brig Francisco, 146 tons, Cervasco, for Brazil, despatched by Zumaran & Co., with 1000 quintals jerked beef, 30 dry ox and cow hides, 100 fanegas salt.

Arrived, April 14, Wind N. W., in the afternoon changed to N., Sardinian schooner Ninfa, José Barboro, from Montevideo 13th inst. Passengers 17.

Sailed, British schooner Victoria, S. Risso, for Montevideo.

Arrived, April 15, Wind S. E., French brig Deux Clementines, 200 tons, P. Falgueirette, from Cette 29th January, Montevideo 14th inst., to J. B. Canard, with 200 pipes, 30 half pipes, 30 quarter casks red wine, 5 pipes white do., 80 tons salt, 1 box merchandise.

National brigantine Suerte Argentina, 125 tons, John Knout, from Bahia Blanca 10th inst., to Samuel B. Hale & Co., with a cargo of produce.

National war steamer Correo, from the Uruguay.

National war steamer Merced, from the Uruguay.

National schooner of war Chacabuco, from the Uruguay.

National man of war barque Julio, from the Uruguay.

American steamer Manuelita, from the Uruguay.

Sailed, American brig Palos, 276 tons, Hatch, for Boston, despatched by Samuel B. Hale & Co, with 6250 dry ox and cow hides, 1952 salted do. do., 24 bales hair, 488 do. wool.

Arrived, April 16, Wind N. E., Brazilian steamer Rio Janeiro, from Montevideo 15th. Passengers 100.

H. B. M. steamer Locust, Lieut. Day, from Montevideo 15th.

Sailed, Sardinian brig Machiavello, 217 tons, Avegno, for Falmouth, despatehed by Bartolomè Viale & CO, with 8311 dry ox and cow hides, 2000 salted do. do., 2 bales deer skins, 18 bags do. 8100 horns, 1¾ pipes and 8 barrels tallow.

Hamburg brigantine Ernestine, 140 tons, Moller, for Brazil, despatched by Otte, Rosenthal & Co., with 3769 quintals jcrked beef.

The following are the manifests of the undermentioned vessels:—

"Rufina"—1550 barrels sugar, 40 do. sweetmeats, 60 pipes caña.

"Bernardns"—1050 barrels sugar, 80 pipes caña.

"Aguia do Prata"—1003 tercios yerba.

The Austrian brig Insuperabile, 360 tons, Galzinich, master, which sailed hence for the Ensenada on the 31st ult., cleared at the Custom House on the 14th inst, for the Mauritius, despatched by Vicente Rosa, with 60 mules, 50 fanegas barley and bran, 650 feet lumber.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALE BY AUCTION,
BY VIVAR & BILLINGHURST,
Calle Santa Rosa, No. 19,

Of Carriages, Waggons, &c.,apropos for the ensuing Races.

On Monday 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, m., will be sold by Public Auction, Fourteen Carriages of different sizes and shapes, including some Grocer's Wagons, strong and built expressly for the country traffic, with harness complete.

People desirous of accommodating themselves with a cheap and commodious Vehicle for the forthcoming Races, may apply to inspect them at the Auctioneer's house previous to the day of the Sale.
ap. 17.—1 c.

English Church School.

The Committee of the English Church School are in attendance at the School Room every Monday Morning from 9 to 10 o'clock to receive applications for the admission of pupils to the School. a.17—3g.

Notice.

Neither the Captain or Consignees of the Bremen brig "Henriette," will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel. Ap. 17—3c.

Want Situations.

A foreign female and her daughter desire to obtain situations as Cook and House Maid. Apply at No. 304, Calle del Parque. a. 17—3 p.

Buenos Ayres Total Abstinence and Beneficial Society.

The intermediate meeting of this Society will be held on Tuesday evening 20th. inst. at 8 o'clock in the Temperance Hall No. 166 calle Belgrano.

Wanted,

A Cook and a Steward. A man and his wife will be preferred. Apply between 8 and 9 o'clock n the morning or in the evening, at No. 119 Calle de Chacabuco. a. 17. 3c.

Removal.

The undersigned has the honour to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has Removed his Boot and Shoe Manufactory from No. 52 Calle La Merced to No. 35 Calle la Reconquista, where he hopes to merit a continuance of the public patronage.

Buenos Ayres, April 17, 1852.
4. p. J. BARKER.

Notice.

The undersigned have sold the Printing Establishment called the "Diario de la Tarde," and by mutual consent have ended the partnership they had with Mr. F. de la Barra, on the 31st March last.

Said Establishment being under the direction of its new proprietors from the 1st inst.

Buenos Ayres, April 6th, 1852.
Vivar & Billinghurst.
a10—3c.

Shipping List of Henry A. Green.

Licensed Ship Broker.

For London.

British bark "I N O," 263 tons, A. 1. at Lloyd's, Warwick, commander, has all her entire cargo engaged, and will sail quickly. ap. 3.
Consignees Messrs. J. C. Thompson & Co.

For London.

British brig "William Sorlie," 230 tons, A. 1. at Lloyd's, has only room for tallow and light freight. ap.3. Consignees Messrs. De Lisle, Brothers & Co.

For London.

British brig "Greenwich," 227 tons, A. 1. at Lloyd's, Barfield, commander, a fast sailer, and in every respect a most superior opportunity is now ready to receive cargo. m. 27.
Consignees Messrs. R. & J. Carlisle & Co.

For Liverpool.

British bark "L e o p a r d," A. 1. for 13 years at Lloyd's, Sbire, commander, a well-known trader, has only disengaged room for a few tons of salted hides and light freight. April—17.
Consignees Messrs. E. Lumb & Co.

For Liverpool.

British bark "IRT," 200 tons, has all her cargo engaged, and will sail in 15 days. m. 27.
Consignee Messrs. De Lisle Brothers & Co.

For Liverpool.

British brig "Freeland," 215 tons, A. 1. at Lloyd's, McKenzie, commander has part of her cargo engaged and can still take a few tons of salted hides and light freight. March—20.
Consignees Messrs. Bradshaw, Wanklyn & Co.

For Liverpool.

British bark "Evangelist," A. 1. at Lloyd's, 254 tons, Pierce, commander, is now ready to receive cargo and has only room for 2000 salted hides.
April—10. Consignee Messrs. Briscoe & Co.

For Liverpool. British brig

"R a c e r," 180 tons register, A. 1. at Lloyd's, small carrier and well known in the trade, is loading now in the Inner Roads. April—10.
Consignees Messrs. De Lisle, Brothers & Co.

For Liverpool.

British barque "Isabella," 220 tons register, Grimsditch, commander, A. 1. Lloyd's, a well known regular trader and in every respect most desireable conveyance, now in the Inner Roads and loading.
April—10. Consigneess James Carthy Esq.

For Cork or Falmouth. Sardi-

nian bark Buena Maria 267 tons, A. 1. has her entire cargo engaged and only room for passengers d 6. J.-17. Consignees Messrs. A. Manzilla & Co

For Cork or Falmouth.

British barque Dolphin A. 1 350 tons register and on her first voyage and has first rate accomodations for passengers. Jan. 3.
Consignees Messrs. De Lisle, Brothers.

For Cork or Falmouth.

The well known regular trader A.1. British barque "Clio," 216 tons, Gruchy, commander, a chartered vessel, and has only room for passengers. m. 27.
Consignees Messrs. E. Lumb & Co.

For Antwerp.

Sardinian bark "Romulo," 244 tons, A. 1. Captain Navarro, a chartered vessel, and having positively three-fourths of her cargo engaged and shipping, will have quick despatch. m. 6.
Consignee Adolf van Praett, Esq.

For Antwerp.

Prussian brig "J o h a n n e s," 270 tons, A.1. at Lloyd's, a remarkably fine fast sailing vessel, having all her cargo engaged has only room for passengers. April—10.
Consignees Messrs. Wedekind & Co.

For Antwerp.

The well known regular trader A. 1. Dutch galliot "P l a t a," Capt. Hening, has positively three fourths of the cargo engaged and shipping, and will have a quick dispatch. m. 20.
Consignees Messrs. Bunge, Bornefeld & Co.

For Antwerp.

Belgian brig "E u g e n i e," 227 tons, A. 1. at Lloyd's, a fast sailer and well known vessel in the Antwerp trade, is now loading and will be despatched quickly. ap 3.
Consignees Messrs. Freyer Brothers.

For Hamburg.

Hamburg schooner "Atlantic Ocean," A. 1., 135 tons, is a chartered vessel, and has only room for 1000 dry hides.
Consignees Messrs. Otte, Rosenthal & Co.

For Havre.

French barque "Aigle," 200 tons register, A. 1. at Lloyds, a fast vessel, and has room only for 1000 dry hides and passengers. April—10.
Consignees Messrs. J. Vignal, & Co.

For Havre.

Packet of the Line, French barque "Universel," 267 tons, Deudeville, commander, will be ready to load in a few days and being known a fine and a fast sailing vessel will have quick despatch. Ap—10.
Consignees Messrs. A. Dunoyer & Co.

For Brazils.

Lubeck brig "Trifolium," A. 1. 260 tons, is a chartered vessel, and has only room for passengers m. 6. Consignees Messrs. Treussein & Co.

For Freight or Charter.

British bark "Crusader," 280 tons, A. 1. at Lloyd's, Hunter, commander, a well known and remarkably fast vessel, and in every respect a most desirable opportunity. f. 28.
Consignee Samuel Hesse, Esq

For Freight or Charter.

Swedish brig "Princessan Louise," A. 1. at Lloyd's, 300 tons, a first rate vessel and a regular trader, will be discharged and ready to load in a few days. m. 13.
Consignees Messrs. De Lisle Brothers & Co.

For Freight or Charter.

British barque "Eliza Charles," 280 tons, A.1. at Lloyd's, Lewis, commander, is now discharging, and will be able to receive cargo in a few days. Ap. 10
Consignees Messrs. Anderson & Co.

All the foregoing vessels are first class at Lloyd's, have good accommodations for passengers and are, in every respect, most desireable convevances.—For further particulars please apply to their respective consignees, or to

Henry A. Green.

Licensed Ship Broker, No. 30, Calle Reconquista.

Electrotype Likenesses.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the foreign residents of this city to their Gallery of superior Likenesses by the Electrotype process and as their stay in this city is limited those wishing perfect likenesses to send to their friends, would do well to improve the present opportunity
Hours from 8 a. m. till 5 p. m. Ap. 3—4p.
Charles D. Fredricks and Co.
Calle de la Piedad, num. 98.

Shipping List of Richard Sutton, Jun.

Licensed Ship Broker.

For Falmouth or Cowes.

PASSENGERS ONLY.

The very fast sailing Lubeck bark "L u b e c k," 208 tons, Radecker, commander, and has first rate accommodations for passengers. a. 17.

For Falmouth or Cowes.

PASSENGERS ONLY.

The A. I. copperer and copper fastened Sardinian brig "Cittadino," 150 tons, R. Carbonara, master, has superior accommodations for passengers and will have quick dispatch. a. 17.

For Cowes or Falmouth.

PASSENGERS ONLY.

The A. I. copper and copper fastened Mecklemburg barque "Friederich and Louise" 300 tons, register, Brathering, master, has excellent accommodations for Passengers and will have quick despatch ap.3. Consignees Messrs. Vicente Casares & sons.

For Southampton. Passengers

only. The A. 1. Sardinian brig Antonita, 246 tons register, A. Priario, master. This fine vessel has all her cargo engaged, and has excellent accommodations for passengers. jan. 10.
Consignee Bernardo Delfino, Esq.

For Freight or Charter.

The very new and well known Sardinian brig "Gioverti," 308 tons, Parodi, master. is A. 1. at Lloyd's and offers a superior opportunity to shippers March—13.
Messrs. B. Viale & Co.

For particulars regarding the foregoing vessel apply to RICHARD SUTTON, Ship Broker, No 14 Calle La Reconquista.

For New York.

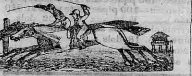
The new American Ship "Margaret Eliza," will sail positively the 20th April, will take freight on moderate terms, she offers also a good opportunity for passengers, having a spacious cabin, and superior accommodations.
Apply to her Captain Joseph Adams, or to
m. 13. Zimmeamann Frazier & Co., Consignees.

Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of O. J. Hayes and Co is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The unsettled business of the firm will be closed by Oliver J. Hayes, who alone is authorised to use the name of the firm in liquidation.
Buenos Ayres, April 1, 1852.
(Signed)— O. J. Hayes.
John Eastman.
A. Lines Van Blarcom.
Witness to the Signatures—
Nathaniel D Carlile. Ap. 3—3c.

For Sale.

An excellent cart, almost new, with horse and harness if required. The horse perfectly tame, and well adapted for a Gig. Apply at the Stable-yard, No. 92 Calle del Parque. m.13.



FOREIGN AMATEUR RACING SOCIETY.

AUTUMN MEETING.

THURSDAY, April 22, 1852.

12 o'clock.

The Criterion Handicap—value 1000$ added to a handicap sweepstakes of 100$ each, hf. ft. For horses the bona-fide property of, and to be ridden by members of this society—once round and a distance—1 mile and a quarter.

12 3-4 p. m.

The Challenge Stakes—value 2000$ added to a sweepstakes of 200$ each, hf. ft. For all horses entered, and to be ridden by members of this society. The second horse to save his stake—Twice round and a distance—2 miles and 3½ furlongs—Weight 10 stone.

1½ p. m.

The Amateur Stakes—Value 1500$ added to a sweepstakes of 200$ ea. hf. ft. For all horses entered, and to be ridden by, members of this society—Winners of any previous half round race to carry 5 lbs. extra.—Half round, or 4½ furlongs—Weight 10 stone.

2¼ p. m.

The Free Stakes—Value 1500$ added to a sweepstakes of 150$ each hf. ft. For all horses entered by members of this society, and to be ridden by foreigners, approved of by the committee, the last horse to pay the second's stake—once round and a distance—1¼ mile—weight 9 stone.

3½ p. m.

The Autumn Handicap—Value 2500$ added to a handicap sweepstakes of 150$ ea. hf. ft. For horses the bona-fide property of, and to be ridden by members of this society—once round and a distance—1¼ mile.

4¼ p. m.

The Argentine Stakes—Value 1500$ added to a sweepstakes of 200$ each, hf. ft. For all horses entered and to be ridden by members of this society. The second horse to save his stake—once round and a half—1 mile 5½ furlongs.—Winners of any race at this meeting, and of the Porteño Plate at last Spring Meeting to carry 3 lbs. extra for each race won—Weight 10 stone.

5 p. m.

The Welcome Stakes—Value 1500$ added to a sweepstakes of 200$ each, hf. ft. For all horses entered by Members of this Society, and to be ridden by foreigners, approved of by the committee. Winners of any previous races at this meeting to carry 3lbs. extra—once round and a distance 1¼ mile—weight 10 Stone—

N. B. In all cases three horses to start or the amount from the funds will not be given.

Entrances with entrance money to be sent in to the Secretary No. 22, Calle Reconquista, on or before 12 o'clock m. on Monday 12th April, by the responsible owner or person in whose name the horses are to be entered, giving the mark and names of the horses [and in case of any name having been changed the former one also] and colours of the riders.

Handicaps will be declared on Wednesday the 14th April.

Forfeits to be declared on or before Saturday the 17th April.

Tickets for the Grand Stand to be had as usual at No. 20 Calle San Martin.

Shipping List of Charles R Horne,

Licensed Ship Broker.

For Liverpool.

The remarkably fine fast sailing A. 1. British brigantine "M a r t h a," 160 tons register, F. Williams, master, has a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, and has still disengaged room for salted hides and tallow, which can be received on board immediately, and being a small carrier will have good despatch. m. 13.
Consignee Messrs. Duguid, Barton & Co.

For Falmouth for orders.

Passengers only.

The fine fast sailing A.1. British barque "Santiago," 256 tons, John Hansell Smith, master, is a chartered vessel, has superior accommodations for passengers, and will have quick dispatch. m. 27.
Consignees Messrs. Plowes Atkinson & Co.

For Havre de Grace.

Passengers only.
Packet of the Line.

French barque "Guarani," 234 tons, P. F. Larché, commander, A. 1. at Lloyd's, a regular trader, has all her cargo engaged and shipping, and is warranted to have quick despatch. Her accommodations for passengers are most superior, and offers an eligible opportunity. a. 17.
Consignees Messrs. E. Ochoa and Co.

For Havre de Grace.

The very fine fast sailing A. I. French barque "Marie Pauline," 201 tons, Casimir Silhouette, commander, is well known in this trade, now ready to receive cargo, and has positively engaged a great part of her cargo and will have quick despatch. This vessel being expressly fitted up for the conveyance of passengers, offers an eligible opportunity. a.10.
Consignee P. Etchavarria, Esq.

For Bordeaux.

The superior French barque "Amazis," 220 tons, Guiet, master, is A. 1. at Lloyd's, has a considerable part of her cargo engaged, and will sail in the month of April, can still admit the balance of her cargo on freight, her cabin accommodations are very spacious.
ap. 3. Consignee Adol. van Praet, Esq.

For Rio de Janeiro.

The fine fast sailing Danish brigantine O D I N, 136 tons register, Breckwoldt, master, is loading for the above destination, and will be shortly despatched, has still disengaged room for a few tons of goods on freight, and has superior accommodations for passengers. m. 27.
Consignee J. C. Meyrelles, Esq

For Rio de Janeiro and Havana.

Passengers only.

The very fine fast sailing A. 1. Hamburg schooner "G a l e n e," 123 tons, H.Breckwoldt, master, will have quick despatch and is a superior opportunity for passengers a. 17.

For Cette.

Passengers only.

French polacre "Eugenie," 115 tons, Guichon, master, is loading, and will have quick despatch, has superior accommodations for passengers. ap. 3.
Consignee A. Van Praet Esq.

For Freight or Charter.

Dutch brigantine "Bernardus," 160 tons, B. H. Engelsman is A. 1. at Lloyd's, a fast sailer and small carrier. Ap.—17.
Consignees Messrs. Lezica & Co.

British barque "Manuelita," 318 tons, register, J. Cuthbertson, master, is a first class vessel, well known in the trade and a superior opportunity to *shippers*. Ap.—17.
Consignees Messrs. Nicholson Green & Co.

The fine fast sailing A. 1. British brig "Flora," 230 tons register, David Forman, master, is a small carrier and will soon be ready to receive cargo on board. a. 17.
Consignees Messrs De Lisle. Brothers & Co.

Danish brigantine "G r a m m," 142 tons, J. P. Brandt, master, is A. 1. a fast sailer and small carrier. m. 27.
Consignees Messrs. Lezica & Co.

Bremen brig "Henriette," 225 tons, J. Piening, master, is a most superior opportunity to shippers, is A. 1. at Lloyd's, and a moderate carrier. ap 3.
Consignee Messrs. Lezica & Co.

Russian brig "Rosina," 184 tons, C. M. Ek, master, is a new vessel, A. 1. at Lloyd's, a fast sailer and eligible opportunity for shippers. a. 10.
Consignees Messrs. Nicholson, Green & Co.

For further particulars respecting the above vessels please apply to their Consignees, or to
Charles R. Horne
Licensed Ship Broker No. 55 Calle la Reconquista

FOR SALE

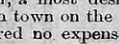
A COUNTRY RESIDENCE or FARM with a good, commodious dwelling house, brick granary, coach-house, and out-houses, stables and sheds. The house is situated on the bank of the river, a most desirable spot, distant three leagues from town on the San Isidro road—The owner has spared no expense in planting it with the choicest fruit trees, most of which are now in a state of bearing.

There are also alfalfares, and the carts, bullocks horses, and the farming utensils required on the place

ALSO

A fine carriage nearly new, built to order for its present owner, and combines all the desirable qualities for this country; with a set of harness and a pair of good horses.

LIKEWISE,



A good seven octaves rosewood Piano. Such persons as may be interested in the purchase of either of the above named, can apply for further particulars, at Calle Defensa No. 77.

For Sale.

A superior Patent English MANGLE. Apply at George Butterfield's Quinta, corner of Lorea Street with San Juan, near the "hueco del Sauce."

Parties in this country desirous

of getting out their relations and friends from Great Britain, will be facilitated in doing so on the payment beforehand of the passage money as may be agreed upon, or on paying a portion on account, and giving satisfactory guarantees for the remainder on the arrival here of the Emigrants.

Parties will also be treated with for the bringing out of any number of mechanics and labourers from Great Britain.

Application to be made addressed G. B. at No. 55 Calle del Perú.

Buenos Ayres, 8th April, 1852.

a10—o. c.

P. Bourse—Surgeon Dentist,

would respectfully announce to his friends and the public, that he has removed his office from Montevideo, to No. 50 Calle Perú (up stairs), in this city; and is now ready to attend to any operation on the teeth and their diseases.

a10—o c.

MERCHANT VESSELS from sea in the Port of Buenos Ayres on the 16th inst.

PILOTAGE—Vessels drawing 10 feet, *Burgos*, pay 40 Spanish dollars, 11 $50, 12, 60—13, 70; 14, 90; 15, 110; 16, 130; 17, 150; 18, 180; 19, 210 20, 240, and 21 feet 260 Spanish dollars. N.B. 100 ft. English equal to 109 Burgos; 100 ft. French equal to 115 ft. Burgos; 100 ft. Norwegian equal to 112 ft. Burgos; and 100 ft. Swedish to 106 ft. Burgos measurement. Un palmo (a palm) equal to nine and two-fifths Spanish inches.

All vessels, excepting packets, if requiring a pilot to enter the inner roads pay 200 dols. currency. When leaving, whether taking a pilot or not, they are bound to pay the fee 200 dols. currency. Any vessel that may enter the inner roads without a pilot and wishing to be moored or to change anchorage, must pay 100 dols.

Date of Arrival.	*Vessels & Captains Names*	*Consignees.*	*Tons.*	*Destinations*
	NATIONAL.			
June 20	Bg. San Pio	E. Ochoa & Co.	160	
Jan. 26	Bgn. General Rosas, Knout	S. B. Hale & Co.	124	Patag'ia.
	BRITISH.			
Dec. 28	Bk. Ino, Warwick	J. C. Thompson & Co	203	London.
" 21	Bg. William Sorlie, Primor	De Lisle Brothers	232	London.
Jan. 15	Bk. Irt, Forsyth	DeLisleBrothers&Co	215	L'pool.
" 14	Bg. Gauntlet, Pressly	Rennie, Tweedie&Co	206	L'pool.
" 19	Bk. Santiago, Smith	J. & J. Garay	255	England.
" 25	Sch. Martha, Williams	Duguid, Barton&Co.	160	L'pool.
Feb. 13	Bk. Crusader	Samuel Hesse	311	
" 17	Bg. Racer, Pironet	DeLisleBrothers&Co	190	L'pool.
" 23	Bg. Greenwich, Barfield	R.&J. Carlisle & Co.	227	London.
" 26	Bk. Leopard, Sbire	E. Lumb & Co.	300	L'pool.
Mar. 11	Bk. Evangelist, Pearce	Briscoe & Co	254	L'pool.
" 12	Bg. Freeland, McKenzie	Bradshaw, Wanklyn	215	Falm'th.
" 15	Bg. Dauntless, Hall	Saturnino Soriano	218	
" 16	Bk. Clio, Gruchy	E. Lumb & Co.	216	England.
April 3	Bk. Isabella, Grimsditch	James Carthy	221	L'pool.
" 4	Sch. Lady Sale, Savage	Wilfrid Latham & Co.	147	England.
" 4	Bk. Eliza Charles, Lewis	Anderson & Co.	295	
" 8	Bk. Manuelita, Cuthbertson	Nicholson, Green&Co	318	
" 12	Bg. Flora, Forman	To order	230	
	AMERICAN.			
Feb. 29	Sp. Margaret Eliza, Adams	Zimmermann,&Co	548	N. York.
April 6	Bk. Argentine, Upton	D. Gowland & Co.	298	
" 7	Bg. Samuel Edward, Smith	Zimmermann & Co	199	Boston.
	FRENCH.			
Feb. 6	Bk. Aigle, Boupard	Julius Vignal	204	Havre
" 21	Bk. Amazis Guiet	Adolf van Praet	220	Bordeaux
Mar. 15	Bg. Felicite, Lupy	J. B. Canard	139	Cette
" 27	Pol. Eugenia, Giuhon	Adolf van Praet	115	Cette.
April 4	Bk. Marie Pauline, Silhouette	Etchevarria	201	Havre.
" 5	Bk. Guarani, Larché	E. Ochoa & Co.	234	Havre.
" 6	Bk. Universel, Deudeville	Dunoyer & Co.	267	Havre.
	SPANISH			
Feb. 13	Bk. Villanueva, Codina	Felix Buxareo	256	Havana
Mar. 7	Bg. Pubilla, Roca	To order	186	Spain.
" 7	Bg. Copernico, Planas	E. Ochoa & Co.	178	Cuba.
" 18	Pol. bk. Ana, Alsina	E. Ochoa & Co.	282	Cuba.
" 23	Sp. Amalia, Veiga	Saturnino Soriano	246	Cadiz.
" 23	Bk. Lydia, Vila	Felix Buxareo	180	
" 23	Pol. Deseada, Esquer	Felix Buxareo	180	
" 25	Pol. Pronta, Roldos	To order	135	
" 25	Bk. Joven Mariano, Segui	Manuel Murrieta	253	
" 29	Bg. Julito, Sensat	To order	236	
" 31	Sch. Esmeralda, Millet	To order	121	
April 6	Bg. Atalayador, Maristany	Felix Buxareo	263	
" 6	Bg. Juan, Bandu	Llavallol & Sons		
" 12	Pol. Morenilla, Urquizar	Adolf van Praet	146	
	SARDINIAN.			
Jan. 18	Bg. Ammiraglio des Geneys, Profumo.	Bartolomé Viale	297	Genoa.
Feb. 2	Pol. Siccardi, Badaraco	Corti, FranciscelliCo	155	
" 2	Pol. Giovanni Darca, Pontiemolli	Llavallol & Sons	190	
" 8	Pol. Tesseo, Camogli	José Avegno	136	Genoa.
" 12	Pol. Tergesteo, Maurice	J.C.Thompson&Co	141	Genoa
" 13	Pol. Gioberti, Paradi	B. Viale & Co	308	Falm'th.
" 15	Pol. bk. Romulo, Navarro	D. Calvo & Sons	244	Antwerp
" 15	Bg. Hidra, Antola	Jacinto Caprile	139	Genoa
Mar. 3	Bg. El Plata	J. C. Meyrelles	166	
" 12	Bg. Plata, Ferraro	B. Delfino	260	Genoa.
" 13	Pol. Cittadino, Carbonara	José Negrotto	150	Falm'th.
" 18	Pol. Arturo, Bosano	Jacinto Caprile	174	Genoa.
" 23	Bg. Paulista, Viale	Pedro Viale	126	
" 28	Bg. Francisco, Facio	B. Delfino	203	Brazil.
" 28	Sch. Teresa Doria, Merello	To order	130	
	BRAZILIAN.			
Mar. 30	Bg. Venus, Rodriguez	A. F. Ramos	155	
April 4	Bg. Rufina, Moreira da Silva	J. C. Meyrelles	241	
" 5	Bg. Aguia da Prata, Almeida		262	
	LUBECK.			
Jan. 11	Bg. Trifolium, Galgens	Treussein & Co.	200	Brazil
" 29	Bk. Lubeck, Radecker	J. C. Meyrelles	208	
	TUSCAN.			
Feb. 29	Pol. Minetta, Andres	J. C. Meyrelles	153	
" 29	Bgn. Romulo, Dusotovich	Pietranera, Piaggio&Co	114	Brazil.
	HAMBURG.			
Feb. 21	Bgn. Atlantic Ocean, Nagel	Otte, Rosenthal & Co.	136	Hamb'g.
" 32	Sch. Galene, Brickvoldt	C. R. Horne	123	
	DUTCH.			
Mar. 16	Galliot Plata, Henning	Bunge, Bornefeld&Co	172	
April 6	Bgn. Bernardus, Engelsman	Lezica & Co.	148	
	BREMEN.			
Mar. 25	Bg Henriette, Piennig	Lezica & Co.	225	
	BELGIAN.			
Mar. 15	Bg. Eugenie, Schaffer	Freyer Brothers	220	Antwerp
	PRUSSIAN.			
Jan. 18	Bg. Johannes, Leude	Wedekind & Co.	276	Antwerp
Mar. 23	Bk. Lina, Zell	Bunge, Bornefeld&Co.		
	AUSTRIAN.			
Feb. 12	Sp. Ida Kiss, Pasnanovich	Vicente Rosa	650	Jamaica.
	DANISH.			
Jan. 27	Bg. Ospra, Patterson	José C. Meyrelles	202	N. York
Feb. 21	Bg. Cloris, Marg	Zimmermann &Co	154	Antwerp
" 29	Sch. Odin, Breckwoldt	J. C. Meyrelles	183	Rio Jno.
Mar. 15	Bg. Ocean, Jensen	Freyer Brothers	170	Brazil.
" 23	Bgn. Gramm, Brandt	Lezica & Co.	144	
	MECKLENBURG.			
Jan. 26	Bk. Friedrich & Louise, Bradhering	V. Casares & Sons	333	Falm'th.
	RUSSIAN.			
Feb. 25	Bg. Plata, Behring	Zimmermann & Co.	240	
April 4	Bg. Rosina, Ek	Nicholson, Green & Co.	184	
	SWEDISH.			
Mar. 10	Bg. Princessan Louise, Kihlmann	To order	300	
	ORIENTAL.			
Mar. 29	Sch. Diana, Corneglia	J. C. Meyrelles	137	

VESSELS OF WAR.

BRITISH—Steamer Locust.
FRENCH—Brig Chasseur, Capt. Collier.

To Let. 4 squares of ground with a wooden

house and kitchen, a league from town in the direction of San José de Flores. Rent moderate. Apply Calle Potosi, No. 183. Ap. 17—3p.

To Let, in the Quinta of the undersigned,

two elegant and commodious dwelling houses; the one containing 9, and the other 12 apartments. Thomas Whitfield.

Noticias Historicas y descriptivas sobre el

GRAN CHACO Y RIO BERMEJO. Con observaciones relativas á un plan de navegacion y colonizacion que se propone—Edicion original de 1833—Hay en venta unos pocos ejemplares en el almacen calle de Maipu, No. 14. ap. 3.—3 p.

Roofing Felt. For sale, in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to No. 79, Calle Santa Clara. ap. 3.-3 c.